Characteristics of Urethane, Rubbers and Sponges

Features of High Performance Urethane and Rubber

Urethane Properties

Tests of tensile strength and elongation for Vulkollan are conducted based on the JIS Standards K6251.

Tests of tensile strength and elongation for other products are conducted based on the JIS Standards K7312.

Item	Unit	Urethane															
Item	Ollic		;	Standard	i		Vulko	llan®	Abrasion	Resistant	(Ceramic	Urethan	е	Heat Resistant	Low Rebound	Extra Low Hardness
Hardness	Shore A	95	90	70	50	30	92 68		90	70	95	90	70	50	90	70	15
Specific Gravity	-	1.13	1.13	1.20	1.20	1.20	1.26		1.20		1.13	1.13	1.20	1.15	1.13	1.03	1.02
Tensile Strength	MPa	44	27	56	47	27	46.5	60	44.6	31.3	42	26	53	45	44.6	11.8	1.5
Elongation	%	380	470	720	520	600	690	650	530	650	360	440	680	490	530	250	385
Heat resistance	°C	70					80 (120 deg. for Short Time)		70		70	70			120	70	80
Low Temp. Resistance	°C	-40 -20					-2	20	-20			-20			-20	-20	-40

Urethane (Ether Type, Ester Type) Property Comparison

Prope	erties	Ether Type (Shore A95, 90)	Ester Type (Shore A70, 50, 30)
Tensile Stren	igth		0
Elongation			0
Tear Strength			0
Impact Resilience		0	
Abrasion	Slip Wear		0
Resistance	Shock Wear	0	
Hydrolysis Re	esistance	0	
Oil Resistanc	e		0
Strength			0
Durability			0
Acid Resistance,	Alkali Resistance	0	

■Discoloration of Urethane

Urethane may experience discoloration and yellowing with age. Urethane turns yellow by aging, but physical property or characteristics remain unchanged.

Discoloration is distinct especially with antistatic urethane and Vulkollan®. See the explanation below.

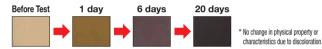
. Aging Discoloration of Antistatic Urethane



* Time to turn yellow and level of yellowing vary depending on

Discoloration of Vulkollan[®]

Vulkollan® has poorer color stability against ultraviolet rays than general urethanes due to its unique composition. Pictures below show the process of change in colors of a sample exposed to outdoor sunlight.



Features of Various Urethanes

Material	Features
Standard Urethane Ether / Ester Polyurethane	Excels in strength in repeat use and shock-absorbing properties. Can be used for applications such as Mechanical Stoppers. Ester Type is Hydrolytic. Do not use in humid and wet areas.
Antistatic Urethane	Excels in antistatic effect. Can be used where mechanical strength and anti-static measures are required.
Heat Resistant Urethane	CThis urethane has up to 120°C heat resistance. (70 deg. for the standard urethane) Suitable for use in applications where high material strength in high-temperature range is required.
Super Abrasion Resistant Urethane (Vulkollan®)	Vulkollan [®] is a super abrasion resistant urethane which is far superior to conventional urethanes in abrasion resistance and load bearing. Excels in tearing strength. 6 times higher in abrasion resistance and 1.5 times in material strength than the standard urethane.
Abrasion Resistant Urethane	Unique composition realized abrasion resistance 2.5 times higher than standard urethane at low cost. Helps to reduce the exchange frequency. Color is dark brown.
Ceramic Urethane	These MISUMI original urethane sheets are unique mixture of ceramic particles. Vulkollan® and Wear Resistant Urethane have resistant property against "surface", and the Ceramic Urethane has resistance against "line". Compared to the Standard Urethane and various rubbers, the Ceramic Urethane is relatively smooth in its machined surfaces though it is lower in hardness. Note that cutting due to contact may cause dust.

. Characteristic Values of Antistatic Urethane Specific Volume Resistivity 2.1x108Ω • cm 4 0x1090

Surface Resistivity (Test Conditions: Temperature 30°C Humidity 60%)

• Taber Abrasion Test Results

Materia Test	Super Abrasion esistant Vulkollan [®]		Ceramic Urethane
Abrasion Test (Taber Method Abrasion Volume (mm³)	33.9	73.8	101
Testing Method			

JIS K 7204: 1999 "Plastics - Determination of Resistance to Wear by Abrasive Wheels" Ahrasive Wheel: H 22 I narl: 9.8N

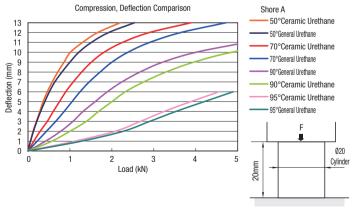
The values are not guaranteed but measured ones.

photo is ceramic powder

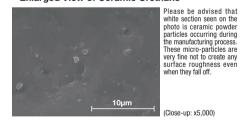
These micro-particles are

Features of Ceramic Urethane

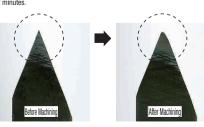
 Deflection Comparison of Standard Urethane and Ceramic Urethane Deflection between the ceramic urethane and the standard urethane differs when the same load is applied. Careful consideration should be given for replacement.



• Enlarged View of Ceramic Urethane



Change after Ceramic Urethane is Machined



Rubber Properties

The characteristic values of tensile strength and elongation are tested based on the JIS standard K6251.

Item	Unit	Nitrile Rubber		Chloroprene Rubber	Ethylene Rubber	Butyl Rubber	Elmanamih	hor (EDM)	Silic	on Rubbe	r (SI)	Low Elastic		
item	Onit	(NE	3R)	(CR)	(EPDM)	(IIR)			Standard		High Strength	(Hane	(Hanenaito®)	
Hardness	Shore A	70	50	65	65	65	80	60	70	50	50	49	33	45
Specific Gravity	-	1.6	1.3	1.6	1.2	1.5	1.8	1.9	1	.2	1.2	1.27	1.26	0.9
Tensile Strength	MPa	12.7	4.4	13.3	12.8	7.5	12.5	10.8	7.4	8.8	7.8	8.5	11.9	16.1
Elongation	%	370	400	460	490	380	330	270	300	330	400	630	790	730
Maximum Operating Temperature	°C	90	99	100	120	120	230	230	20	00	200	60		70
Temperature of Continuous Use	°C	80	80	80	80	80	210	210	150		150	30		70
Low Temp. Resistance	°C	-10	-10	-35	-40	-30	-10	-10	-70		-50	19	18	0

Reference: Compression Set of Low Rebound Urethane

Low Rebound Urethane	1%
Urethane (Shore A70)	25%

- * The above data is measured at room temperature 23°C.
- * 70°Cx24H 25% Compression

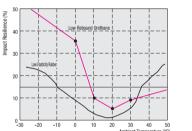
Features of Low Rebound Urethane and Low Elasticity Rubber (Hanenaito®)

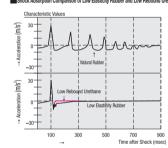
· Low Rebound Urethane

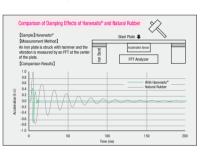
It has the same properties as urethane, and excels in shock absorption. With more resistance to permanent compression than standard urethane, it is hard to deform. Not suitable for absorption of large impact energy because its tensile strength and elongation resistance are weaker than that of urethane of the same hardness.

It is used as cushioning material for pallet damper, conveyor machine, precision instrument etc. because of its good elongation and shock absorption. Also it is used as vibration absorption materials of various precision instruments because of its excellent vibration absorption.

silience Variation by Temperature of Low Elasticity Rubber and Low Rebound Urethane Shock Absorption Comparison of Low Elasticity Rubber and Low Rebound Urethane







Listed values are for reference, not guaranteed.

■ Drop Comparison of Rubber Ball and Hanenaito® Ball



Features of Shock Absorbing Foam P.435

Excellent sound damping and vibration absorbing characteristics. Flexible material can be pasted on curved surfaces with ease Lightweight material can be applied on large panel areas Best suited for human body protection. Can be pasted in multi-layers where more protection is needed.

Steel Ball Collision Noise Level Test

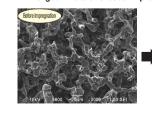
PRGCW Comparison Data of PRGCW Copper Ball Collision Noise ■ No Absorber PRGCW 5t PRGCW10t 40 80 160 315 630 1,25k 2,5k 5k 10k 20k Frequency (Hz) Item No Absorber PRGCW5 PRGCW10 Collision Noise (dB 40% Reduced Sound Pressure 60% Reduced Sound Pressure

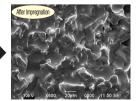
*A steel ball (Ø20, 36g) is dropped on a wooden base from a 55cm height, and the sound pressure

Features of Special Urethane Foam SOFRAS® P.446

This special urethane foam excels in water retention and abrasion resistance allowing it to be used in industrial purposes such as application and moisture absorption. SOFRAS® excels in abrasion resistance and requires less concerns about dust shedding, whereas the use of sponges and felts may result in shedding of dust and felt fiber.

Enlarged Photo of Grease-impregnated Special Urethane





2 -390 2 -389

Urethane Washers, Rubber Washers

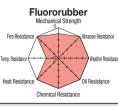
Washer Package

Rubber Properties





Nitrile Rubber Chemical Resistance











Material	Features
Urethane Rubber	Superior in mechanical strength and abrasion resistance to other rubbers. Especially excels in strength in repeat use and shock-absorbing properties. Can be used for applications such as Mechanical Stopper. Excellent in oil resistance but poor in chemical resistance. Ester Type is Hydrolytic. Do not use in humid and wet areas.
Nitrile Rubber (NBR)	Acrylic Nitrile Butadiene Rubber Economical general-purpose rubber excellent in oil resistance. Used for various applications such as 0-rings and gaskets.
Chloroprene Rubber (CR)	Chloroprene Rubber Well-balanced synthetic rubber excellent in weather, heat, oil and chemical resistance. Non-staining chloroprene rubber which minimizes contamination from contacting materials is also available.
Ethylene Rubber (EPDM)	Excels in weather, low temperature and chemical resistance. Can be used for general-purpose applications such as gaskets and doorstops.
Silicon Rubber (SI)	Excels in heat resistance and electric property (insulation). Physiologically safe and can be used for medical, food-related and electronic devices which require heat resistance.
Fluororubber (FPM)	Expensive, but widely used with its excellent heat, oil, solvent and chemical resistance. Fluororubber is generally known as fluoropolymer and Viton®. Has the highest resistance to ozone, heat, oil and chemicals in rubbers.
Low Elasticity Rubber (Hanenaito®)	Excels in shock and vibration resistance and absorbs energy without rebound. Physical property and durability are equal to general rubbers. Widely used as components for quiet and low-vibration products.
Butyl Rubber (IIR)	Isobutylene Isoprene Rubber Excellent in heat, cold and weather resistance, and good in water and chemical resistance.

Hardness Images

Softball

Plastic Eraser Shore A30 Bicycle Tube

Shore A95 | Golf Ball

Shore A90 Baseball Shore A70

Shore A15 Firm Gelatin

Shore A50

•Margin of Error: +5

Comparison of Allowable Temperature



Comparison of Chemical Resistance

	Urethane	Nitrile	Chloroprene	Ethylene	Butyl	Fluorine	Silicon	Low Elasticity
Gasoline Light Oil	0	0	0	×	×	0	△-○	Δ
Water	Δ	0	0	0	0	0	0	Δ
Strong Acid	×	0	0	0	0	0	Δ	Δ
Strong Alkali	×	0	0	0	0	×	0	0
Ether	×	×-△	X-△	0	△•○	×- △	×-△	Δ
Keton	×	×	×-0	0	0	×	0	×
O- Evcellen	+ O- Co	ad ^ = 1	A a a a a t a b	lo V – Ni	o+ Accon	toblo		

Indication of Hardness

Three hardness categories are used for MISUMI's Urethane, Rubbers and Sponges

Chloroprene Rubber

Used to describe the hardness of Urethane and Rubbers.
"Shore A 70" means hardness measured by using type-A Durometer in accordance with New JIS Standard K6253.

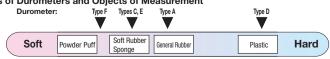
Used to describe the hardness of Sponges. "Asker C 25" means hardness measured by using a spring type hardness tester Asker C in accordance with SRIS 0101 (Standard

by the Society of Rubber Industry, Japan). For those two above, larger value indicates harder material.

The value is one penetration for 1/10mm length. (Larger value indicates softer

(Shore A) (3)Penetration SRIS 0101 C Type Used to describe the hardness of gel materials. JIS K 2207 Standardized testing method. It indicates hardness by the penetrated length that a pin of specified weight penetrates in a sample

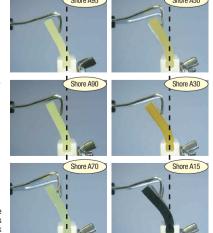
•Types of Durometers and Objects of Measurement



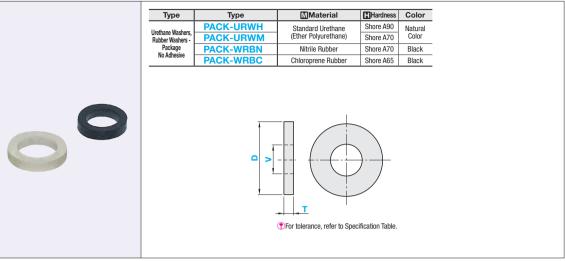
There are various types of durometer instrument as shown above to measure the hardness of a material, depending on the property of the measured material. For urethane and rubber, Type A (Asker Durometer Type A) compliant with JIS K 6253 is most commonly used. Hardness of materials softer than urethane and rubber is measured by Asker Type C or Type E. Shock absorbing gel is soft and super flexible material whose hardness is measured by Asker Type F.

Ref.: Bending Test by Hardness Test Conditions: Standard Urethane, Thickness 5mm, Width 30mm, Length 40mm

When pulled by push-pull gauge with the load 5N:



Offers punching-processed washers at reasonable price.



Blanking (Punching) may cause concave on the O.D. For T dimension 3, 5mm, the center of the washer may deform into dented shape while it hardly deforms for T dimension 1 mm.

Note that Urethane turns yellow by aging, but physical property or characteristics remain unchanged.



Part Number									_			Toler	Pcs. per Package					
Turno	D			ç	\ Sele	/ ctio	n			T Selection		T1, 3		T5		T1, 3	T5	
Туре	Selection					01.0							D	V	D	V	11,5	13
PACK-URWH	8	3	4							1	3		±0.6	0~+0.6	±0.7	0~+0.7		
(Urethane, Shore A90)	10	3	4	5	6					1	3	5	±0.6	0~+0.6	±0.7	0~+0.7		
PACK-URWM	12			5	6	8				1	3	5	.00	0 .00	.00	0 .00	100 pcs.	
(Urethane, Shore A70)	15				6	8	10			1	3	5	±0.8	0~+0.8	±0.9	0~+0.8		50 pcs.
PACK-WRBN (Nitrile Rubber, Shore A70)	20					8	10	12			3	5						
PACK-WRBC	25						10	12	16		3	5	±0.9	0~+0.9	±1.0	0~+1.0	50	
(Chloroprene Rubber, Shore A65)	30						10	12	16		3	5					50 pcs.	



Part Number	Part Number			Unit Price													
Type	D	PACK-URWH (Urethane, Shore A90)				CK-UR\			CK-WR Rubber, Sh		PACK-WRBC (Chloroprene Rubber, Shore A65)						
3,65	Selection	T1	T3	T5	T1	Т3	T5	T1	T3	T 5	T1	Т3	T5				
	8			-			-			-			-				
	10																
PACK-URWH	12																
PACK-URWM PACK-WRBN	15																
PACK-WRBC	20																
	25	-] -			-			-						
	30																